Chapter 4: Conditional Probability

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Learning Objectives

- 1. Use set process to calculate probability of event of interest
- 2. Calculate the probability of an event occurring, given that another event occurred.
- 3. Define keys facts for conditional probabilities using notation.

Where are we?

Basics of probability

- Outcomes and events
- Sample space
- Probability axioms
- Probability properties
- Counting
- Independence
- Conditional probability
- Bayes' Theorem
- Random Variables

Probability for discrete random variables

- Functions: pmfs/CDFs
- Important distributions
- Joint distributions
- Expected values and variance

Probability for continuous random variables

- Calculus
- Functions: pdfs/CDFs
- Important distributions
- Joint distributions
- Expected values and variance

Advanced probability

- Central limit theorem
- Functions: moment generating functions

General Process for Probability Word Problems

- 1. Clearly define your events of interest
- 2. Translate question to probability using defined events OR Venn Diagram
- 3. Ask yourself:
 - Are we sampling with or without replacement?
 - Does order matter?
- 4. Use axioms, properties, partitions, facts, etc. to define the end probability calculation into smaller parts
 - If probabilities are given to you, Venn Diagrams may help you parse out the events and probability calculations
 - If you need to find probabilities with counting, pictures or diagrams might help here
- 5. Write out a concluding statement that gives the probability context
- 6. (For own check) Make sure the calculated probability follows the axioms. Is is between 0 and 1?

Let's revisit our deck of cards

Example 1

Suppose we randomly draw 2 cards from a standard deck of cards. What is the probability that we draw a spade then a heart?

Let

- Let A = event 1st card is spades
- Let $B = \text{event } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ card is heart}$

Conditional Probability facts (1/2)

Fact 1: General Multiplication Rule

$$\mathbb{P}(A \cap B) = \mathbb{P}(A) \cdot \mathbb{P}(B|A)$$

Fact 2: Conditional Probability Definition

$$\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(A \cap B)}{\mathbb{P}(B)}$$

Conditional Probability facts (2/2)

Fact 3

If A and B are independent events (A \perp B), then

$$\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \mathbb{P}(A)$$

Fact 4

P(A|B) is a probability, meaning that it satisfies the probability axioms. In particular,

$$\mathbb{P}(A|B) + \mathbb{P}(A^C|B) = 1$$

Monty Hall Problem

Survivor Season 42

With the Wiki page on it!

Conditional probability with two dice

Example 2

Two dice (red and blue) are rolled. If the dice do not show the same face, what is the probability that one of the dice is a 1?