Chapter 12: Variance of Discrete RVs

Meike Niederhausen and Nicky Wakim

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Learning Objectives

1. Calculate the variance and standard deviation of discrete random variables

2. Calculate the variance of sums of discrete random variables

3. Calculate the variance of functions of discrete random variables

Where are we?

Basics of probability

- Outcomes and events
- Sample space
- Probability axioms
- Probability properties
- Counting
- Independence
- Conditional probability
- Bayes' Theorem
- Random Variables

Probability for discrete random variables

- Functions: pmfs/CDFs
- Important distributions
- Joint distributions
- Expected values and variance

Probability for continuous random variables

- Calculus
- Functions: pdfs/CDFs
- Important distributions
- Joint distributions
- Expected values and variance

Advanced probability

- Central limit theorem
- Functions: moment generating functions

Let's start building the variance through expected values of functions

> **Example 1**
>
> Let g be a function and let $g(x) = ax + b$, for real-valued constants a and b. What is $\mathbb{E}[g(X)]$?

What is the expected value of a function?

Definition: Expected value of function of RV

For any function g and discrete r.v. X, the expected value of $g(X)$ is

$$\mathbb{E}[g(X)] = \sum_{\{all\ x\}} g(x)p_X(x).$$

Let's revisit the card example (1/2)

Example 2

Suppose you draw 2 cards from a standard deck of cards *with* replacement. Let X be the number of hearts you draw.

1. Find $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$.

Recall Binomial RV with $n = 2$:

$$p_X(x) = \binom{2}{x} p^x (1-p)^{2-x} \text{ for } x = 0, 1, 2$$

Let's revisit the card example (2/2)

Example 2

Suppose you draw 2 cards from a standard deck of cards *with* replacement. Let X be the number of hearts you draw.

2. Find $\mathbb{E}\left[\left(X - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2\right]$.

Recall Binomial RV with $n = 2$:

$$p_X(x) = \binom{2}{x} p^x (1-p)^{2-x} \text{ for } x = 0, 1, 2$$

Variance of a RV

Definition: Variance of RV

The variance of a r.v. X, with (finite) expected value $\mu_X = \mathbb{E}[X]$ is

$$\sigma_X^2 = Var(X) = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mu_X)^2] = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2]$$

Definition: Standard deviation of RV

The standard deviation of a r.v. X is

$$\sigma_X = SD(X) = \sqrt{\sigma_X^2} = \sqrt{Var(X)}.$$

Let's calculate the variance and prove it!

Lemma 6: "Computation formula" for Variance

The variance of a r.v. X, can be computed as

$$\sigma_X^2 = Var(X)$$
$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - \mu_X^2$$
$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - (\mathbb{E}[X])^2$$

(break) Some Important Variance and Expected Values Results

Variance of a function with a single RV

Lemma 7
For a r.v. X and constants a and b, $$Var(aX + b) = a^2 Var(X).$$

Proof will be exercise in homework. It's fun! In a mathy kinda way.

Important results for *independent* RVs

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Theorem 8

For independent r.v.'s X and Y, and functions g and h,

$$\mathbb{E}[g(X)h(Y)] = \mathbb{E}[g(X)]\mathbb{E}[h(Y)].$$

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Corollary 1

For independent r.v.'s X and Y,

$$\mathbb{E}[XY] = \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y].$$

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Variance of sum of independent discrete RVs

For independent discrete r.v.'s X_i and constants $a_i, i = 1, 2, \ldots, n,$

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i^2 Var(X_i).$$

Simpler version:

$$Var(a_1 X + a_2 Y) = Var(a_1 X) + Var(a_2 Y) = a_1^2 Var(X) + a_2^2 Var(Y)$$

Corollaries

Corollary 2

For independent discrete r.v.'s $X_i, i = 1, 2, \ldots, n,$

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} Var(X_i).$$

Corollary 3

For independent identically distributed (i.i.d.) discrete r.v.'s $X_i, i = 1, 2, \ldots, n,$

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i\right) = nVar(X_1).$$

Let's look at a ghost problem *with replacement*

Recall probability with replacement:

$$p_X(x) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

Back to our hotel example from Chapter 11

> ### Example 4
>
> A tour group is planning a visit to the city of Minneapolis and needs to book 30 hotel rooms. The average price of a room is $200 **with standard deviation $10**. In addition, there is a 10% tourism tax for each room. What is the **standard deviation** of the cost for the 30 hotel rooms? Assume rooms are independent.

Problem to do at home if we don't have enough time.